political forces in southeastern If, however, the vanquished passionately desire that the great mountain ring plateau of Kossovo, with the rolling downs that adjoin it, should again be cluded in the Servian realm, no less ssionately do the victors of Kossovo deeire to retain in their possession the battlefield, for them, of glorious memories. The tomb of Sultan Murad, the conqueror of Aossovo, now stands where stood his tent on the battle-field.

our years ago an important, though rovisional, compact was entered into, ounded on that affair of five hundred years ago. Servians, Bulgarians and Greeks came to a sort of provisional understanding that not only Kossovo and Pristina, but Uskup and all the Albanian country down to Ochrida should go to Servia, and a new map of the 'future of the Balkan peninsula. is now in my hands, in which this and further suggested arrangements opposed to Albanian national aspirations—and particularly a partition of Albania, giving the southern half to Greece—are set forth in literally vivid colors. Many of the chiefs of the Albania league are men of great nat-ural endowments and some of very considerable culture. They are not in ignorance of the mutual understanding of the enenorthwestern corner of Macedonia. Nor are they men likely to be particularly scrupulously about the means employed to express their own national aspirations and to disconcert arrangements opposed to these desires. The reasons, then, for the murder of the Servian consul at Pristins, also for the massacre of Servian villagers, by which it was preceded, are now very evident. Both sides are aware that the Servian claim to Kossove and the adjoining country cannot be sined unless it can be shown that this district is still occupied by a considerable Servian population; hence, with a view to 'eventualize' the Servian realm and increasing the number of their compatriots in this region, while the Albanians are no less determined not only to prevent such increase but to diminish, if possible, the existing Servian population. With this view the Albanians have for years past done everything they easily could to make done everything they easily could to make the lives of Servians on this border-land uncomfortable. And as, notwithstanding every sort of petty annoyance, the Servians will not emigrate, but continue, on the contrary, to immigrate, eviction, massacre and murder were resolved upon as a decisive means of getting rid of villagers on whose existence a claim might be founded for handing over to Servia part of Albania. The murders, however, place the Turkish government in a difficult position, and seriously threaten peace in the Balkan Coming Conference of the Czar and Kaiser.

(Copyright, 1890, by the New York Associated Press. BERLIN, July 26.-The Grashdanin of St. Petersburg, edited by Prince Mestshersky, which is credit with an occasional inspiration by the Czar, says the Russian policy is on the eve of a change which will harmonize the German and Russian policies in the Balkans; that pegotiations are coming to a climax, and that the interviews will re-establish clauses in the Berlin treaty which are now violated. The basis of the expectarrangement appears to be Czar's acceptance of Emperor William's candidate for the throne, Events in Bulgaria, however, may precipitate a revolution and nullify the Emperor's diplomacy before the rulers confer. In view of a failure of the negotiations leading to a final rupture with Russia the Emperor, during his recent visits to Copenhagen and Christiania, revived the proposal for a Scandinavian coalition, in-cluding the reabsorption of Finland by Swe-den. The Czar's ukases, tending toward a complete Russifying of Finland, create a feeling of intense discontent, which is ripening to revolt. The Emperor offered King Oscar, as the price of Sweden's entry in the Dreibund, the prospective restoration of

Prince Bismarck, giving the Novoe Vremya correspondent a second interview, ored the menacing aspect of affairs, and said he felt that it was now more than ever his chief duty to try to assure the peace of Enrope. Why, he asked, should ermany continue to regard Russia as an inevitable enemy. At the present moment, he said, absolutely no reason existed for a German war on Russia, and an attack on Russia by Germans was not conceviable on any good ground Germany's energies ought to be concentrated in dealing with gave away to the Anarchists' demand odier would be the issue. The whole tenor of the interview suggests that Bismarck, if unreconciled to the Kaiser, will come a formidable opponent in any line of foreign policy involving a quarrel with

The Porte Again Warned.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26 .- M. Nelidoff, the Russian embassador to Turkey, has presented another notes from Russia to the Porte opposing the recent appointment of Bulgarian bishops by the Porte on the ground that the right in the case was granted to the Bulgarian government and not to the Exarchate. This, the note says, was a compliance with Bulgaria's note demanding a recognition of the government by Turkey. The note declares that the | cluding many letters from Emperor Will-Bulgarian government is unlawful and the | iam to the Grand Duchess of Baden and

SEEKING A RECONCILIATION.

Emperor William Sald to Be Anxious to Secure Bismarck's Friendship.

Berlin, July 26.-Emperor William will arrive on Monday at Wilhelmshaven. where he will hold a ministerial council. The officials here do not expect that he will come to Berlin, as his programme is so crowded that he will hardly have time to visit the capital. It is whispered that, busy as the Emperor may be, he has sent a communication to Prince Bismarck intimating a design to make a short visit at Friedrichsruhe. The Emperor is utterly averse to all public action against the Prince on account of his public utterances on state affairs, and desires a conciliatory meeting with his former Chancellor. Besides the annoyance arising from Bismarck's published interview, the Emperor must have been stung by the Prince's poignant personal sarcasms, made with the apparent intention that they should be repeated in the court circle. The question of how to silence him probably occupies the Kaiser's mind fully as much as do the critical developments in the East. Meantime, all idea of adopting legal measures to suppress the ex-Chancellor's utterances have een abandoned. Prince Bismarck has paved the way for an amicable meeting letter to Chancellor Von of the chancellerie, in which he expressed a desire to see the Emperor as soon as he returned from Norway. The Emperor wil return from England on Aug. 8 and will pass a week at Potsdam before starting for Russia. Archduke Karl Ludwig, heir of the Austrian throne, will meet Emperor William and the Czar at the camp at Narva on Aug. 17. On the 25th the Emperor and the Archduke will bid good-bye to the Czar. Within a month, therefore, it will be known whether the German-Austrian relations with Russia will be more friendly or strained to the point of rupture.

## GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. Eloped with a Young Girl and Tried to Make

His Wife Believe He Was Dead. LONDON, July 26,-A scandal involving some singular features has just come to light in Birmingham. An organist named Cooke, who resided in very comfortable circumstances with his wife and several children, and had good social connections. suddenly disappeared about a year ago, and some time afterward his wife received from America a certificate that her husband had died and been buried there. The search which the distressed family had been making in hope of discovering the whereabouts of the absent one was now abandoned. But subsequently rumors began to circulate coupling Cooke's name with that of an attractive young lady of his acquaintance who had left Birmingham about the same time he did. Finally Mrs. Cooke renewed er efforts to learn something of her husband's movements up to the time of his to employ his influence to endeavor to se-

eation is as yet undetermined. The document purporting to be a certificate of death was forged by Cooke.

Paris Exposition Awards. Parts, July 26.-The diplomas and other awards granted to foreign exhibitors at the Paris exposition will not be distributed until they can all be sent simultaneously. M. Tirard has written to M. Berger, requesting that the awards be distributed before Aug. 15. The possibility of a compliance with the request is doubtful. Some of the officials of the exposition are of the opinion that they will not be ready before November. The awards to American exhibitors will be sent to Hartford to Gen. Franklin, who was chief American commissioner to the exposition. No medals will be given unless the cost of manufacturing

them is defrayed by the recipients.

Berlin Medical Congress. BERLIN, July 26.-Twenty-five hundred medical men promise to be present at the congress in August. The congress will be divided into eighteen sections. Professor Virehow will preside over the department of pathology, Professor Dubois Remond over the department of physiology, Prof. Hertwig over the department of anatomy Professor Liebrich over the department of pharmacology and Professor Leiden over the department of materia medica. A number of American papers will be read.

British Chess-Players. LONDON, July 26.—Inasmuch as there has been such a great number of draws in the chess match now being played in Bradford, the masters engaged decided to play another game to-day in order, if possible, to finish this contest before the beginning of the in-

ternational tournament in Manchester. Aug. 25. At last, Lee succeeded in scoring his first victory over Blackburn to-day. It was another Zukertort opening. The score is: Blackburn, 2; Lee, 1; drawn, 5. Prefer British to German Rule. LONDON, July 26.—Private advices from Zanzibar state that all the foreigners there except the Germans relcome the establishment of a British protectorate. They are

certain that it will tend to increase the

commerce of the place. The English are popular there, while the Germans frighten

the Africans, offend the other Europeans

and terrorize the Arabs. The German residents are disappointed in the establishment of the British protectorate. Paris, July 26 .- A conference of American consuls-general will assemble at the American Consulate, in this city, on either Aug. 2 or Aug. 5. The conference will be pre sided over by Mr. F. O. St. Clair, Chief of the consular Bureau of the State Department at Washington, who is at present visiting Scotland. The consuls-general at London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Rome and Vienna will be present.

Italy Tending to Protestantism. LONDON, July 26 .- The village of Momtorfano, in Italy, has chosen a distinctly Protestant local government. The place was hitherto dominated by the Catholics. A tendency toward a similar change is visible in a number of other villages. There has been 1,967 notices of eviction filed in I Ireland during the past three months.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are about publishing a book describing their recent sojourn in India on their trip around the world. The descriptions are mainly by the Duke, the Duchess, who is quite a clever artist, contributing the illustrations.

The Empress Frederick of Germany has pressed Queen Victoria to be present at the wedding of the Princess Victoria in No-vember. Her Majesty has expressed a de-sire to be present, and will do so if her physicians approve of her venturing the risks

The operation performed by Prof. Fuchs, of Vienna, on the eyes of the Shah's first wife has proved unsuccessful and she is now totally blind. Berlin oculists do not blame Prof. Fuchs, as he warned the patient that it was too late for him to guarantee that the operation would be a success.

Herr Ritterhaus, the correspondent who interviewed Prince Bismarck on behalf of the Frankfort Journal, is about to institute proceedings against the Berlin Post for charging him with falsifying Bismarck's statements. Herr Ritterhause intends to call Prince Bismarck to testify at the trial of his suit. Buffalo Bill's Wild West show is prosper-

ing at Berlin. M. Herbette, the French embassador; Mr. Phelps, the American minister, and a number of other diplomates and Americans were present at the opening performance. The health commissioner insisted upon a general inspection before he would sanction the epening of the exhi-

The life of Emperor Frederick, compiled by the ex-Empress, assisted by Professors Curtins and Schellbach, will be issued by Christmas. Emperor William contributes a memoir of the early life of his father, in-Porte ought not to accede to its demand for family documents, and the ex-Empress recognition.

HOW A REPUBLICAN WAS KILLED.

Band of Mississippi Assassins.

JACKSON, Miss., July 26,-Dr. J. H. Cook, brother of F. M. D. Cook, who was assassinated in Jasper county, last Tuesday, was here to-day consulting with his Republican friends as to the best course to pursue to bring the perpetrators to justice. He had an idea that there was some way in which the case could be gotten into the federal court for trial, but was told that this was impossible. He called on Governor Stone, who promptly told him he would offer the highest reward he could under the law-\$500. Dr. Cook says his brother was killed about 2 o'clock Tresday, about two miles from Mount Zion, at a school-house. The assassins were concealed in the school-house, and fired at him as he rode by, killing him instantly. The evidence shows that five, and possibly six, shots were fired from shot-guns. The guns were put partly through a crack in the building, and the logs distinctly showed five powder burns where the shots were

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A cable from Paris announces the death of the wife of Hon. James F. Joy, of Mich-Peter Jackson, the pugilist, has sailed for

Australia. He expects to return to San Francisco in a few months. The bark Lloyd left Cuba June 14, bound for Philadelphia, and has not been heard from since. She carried a crew of fourteen

Gaudauer was an easy winner of the proessional single scull race at Duluth, Minn.

resterday. Teemer came in second, Hos-State Senator-elect E. D. White, of Louisiana, publishes an emphatic denial of the charge that the lottery company gave

him money to buy his nomination. Mrs. Leyh, wife of Lieutenant Leyh, of the United States navy, was thrown from a carriage at Denver on Friday. She fell on her head, dislocating her neck and inflicting internal injuries, from which she

died in a few minutes, without recovering Senator Hoar Threatened by a Canadian

MONTREAL, July 26 .- LaPatrie, the lead ing French newspaper, is very indignant over the including in the report of the special committee of the United States Senate upon the relations with Canada of the articles of the Mail upon the Jesuit estate and French Canadian questions. It states that the secretary of the committee is a correspondent of the Mail, and that he persuaded Senator Hoar to include these articles in his report. It then publicly calls upon Mr. Erastus Wiman, who has so often offered his services to the Canadian people,

NATIONAL BANK MEASURE

Mr. Dorsey's Plan for Retiring Circulation to Be Adopted by the House.

Limit of Bonds Deposited with the Treasurer Put at \$10,000-Cooper's Charges Against Commissioner Raum to Be Investigated.

NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION. Mr. Dorsey's Bill for Its Retirement to Be Passed by the House.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, July 26,-Chairman Dorsey, of the House committee on banking and currency, to-day made a unanimous report from the committee recommending the adoption of his bill for the retirement of national bank circulation, and says he has assurances from Senator Sherman that it will receive unanimous action at the hands of the Senate committee on finance and will be promptly passed after the House has acted. The requirement of deposits of bonds with the Treasurer to secure national bank circulation shall be limited to \$10,000 for every national bank, provided that the voluntary withdrawal of bonds for the retirement of national bank notes shall not exceed the sum of \$3,000,000 in any month, and that this act shall not apply to deposits of bonds which may be required by the Secretary of the Treasury to secure deposits of public moneys in na-tional banks. The bill further provides that there shall be issued to national banks circulation to the full par value of bonds deposited, but at no time shall the amount of such notes issued to any bank exceed the amount at such time actually paid in of

its capital stock. Mr. Dorsey says he finds that all the obection made to the issuance of bank notes to the full par value of bonds deposited lies in the belief that bank circulation is profitable to banking associations, while in point of fact the circulation is a loss, and now that banks may not be required to issue more than \$10,000 each in circulation, it will be plain to any one that the circulation is simply a nominal matter, intended only to create a link between private affairs and the federal government, so that the latter may have superover the interests of individuals for their protection. He does not believe that there will be any objection or that there could be any objection of a serious or intelligent form to a measure of this kind, and he is confident of the adoption of the bill at the present session. Mr. Dorsey has been directed by his committee to call up the measure at the first opportunity and put it upon its passage.

THE CHARGES AGAINST MR. RAUM.

They Will Be Investigated by a Committee-Based Solely on Cooper's Statements. WASHINGTON, July 26 .- In the House, today, Mr. McKinley of Ohio, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Speaker to appoint a committee of five members to investigate the charges brought against Pension Commissioner Raum by Representative Cooper of Indiana. In its report the committee says the delay in reporting the resolution was occasioned by the absence of its author, Mr. Cooper of Indiana, whose statement was necessary before action could be had. Upon his return Mr. Cooper appeared before the committee and presented a copy of a letter of George E. Lemmon to Commissioner Raum, with an Deputy Commissioner Lincoln-Please examine

and report your views. Also a copy of a letter from Lincoln to Ranm, indorsed "Approved, G. B. R." Mr. Cooper stated to the committee that after this letter Raum negotiated in banks in Washington a loan of \$25,000, upon which George E. Lemmon became the surety, and that at that time Raum was insolvent, and no prudent man would become his security for a like sum of money without a quic pro quo. Mr. Cooper also stated that the Commissioner made substantial compliance with Lemmon's request. Mr. Cooper claimed that the rulings made in compliance with this request were unjust and unfair to practitioners other than Lemmon, and asserted that the bureau had been engaged for a long time almost exclusively in the consideration and advancement of Lemmon's cases. Mr. Cooper also called the attention of the committee to the charge relative to the refrigerator com-He said he understood, on creditable information, that a large number of employe's of the Pension Office have stock in that corporation, and that Private Secretary Tanner has devoted much of his time to it which should have been given to the

work of this office. The report continues: "The committee had no testimony except that of Mr. Cooper and copies of documents produced by him and called no other witnesses because Mr. Cooper declined to give the names of persons who, he said, had personal knowledge of the transactions charged; although requested to do so. He assumed, as a Representative, the charges made against the Commissioner, and assured the committee that he would furnish full and satisfactory proof to establish them before any committee which the House should establish to investigate. The committee deem it proper to state that nearly all the essential statements of Mr. Cooper are hearsay, and his conclusions conjectural. They do not know whether they are true or false; but, whether true or false, your committee believe that an investigation should be made to the end that the truth may be ascertained. The public service must not rest under even a suspicion, and the character of public officials must be so clean, and the administration so honorable and straightforward as to command the public confidence and withstand the most careful scrutiny. Every public official should invite the most careful investigation of his public and of ficial acts; and your committee believes that General Raum, whose public and private character has been heretofore without taint or suspicion, will gladly promote the investigation

MINOR MATTERS.

Indianapolis Postoffice Bill and the Direct Tax Measure Laid Over Until Next Session. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is not at al likely that any provision will be made during this session of Congress for additional room for the postoffice at Indianapolis. There have been so many expenditures at the hands of this Congress that it has been deemed wise to put a check upon all measures carrying appropriations until the next

There is also no likelihood whatever of the adoption at this session of the bill regarding the direct tax, in which Indiana is interested to the extent of about \$700,000. This measure will go over until the next session for the same reason that the Indianapolis postoffice relief bill cannot be taken

upat present. Seeking Higher Pensions for Deafness.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Washington, July 26,-Great pressure is being brought to bear by the deaf soldiers. sailors and marines throughout the country to induce the House committee on rules to give a hearing to the bill to increase the pension for total deafness to \$40 a month. This proposition only contemplates a slight increase in expenditures each year, as the army of deaf soldiers is very small. Under the proposed increase the annual expeditures for pensions to deaf soldiers will only aggregate about a quarter of a million dollars. Some very potent arguments were made last winter in favor of the bill by Captain Wallace Foster, of Indianapolis, who is secretary and treasurer of the "si-lent army of deaf soldiers, sailors and

Has Done Nothing Unlawful. WASHINGTON, July 26 .- On the 3d instant the Senate adopted a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Interior to state whether or not, in his knowledge, the band's movements up to the time of his supposed death, and the result of the insupposed death, and the result of the inquiry was the discovery that Cooke and the young woman referred to had eloped and gone to America. They were traced to Philadelphia, where they were living toPhiladelphia, where they were living toPhiladelphia, where they were living toPhiladelphia, where last September, but their present lo
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such guarantee and payment are in accordance with law, and consistent with the obligations of said Union Pacific Railroad Company to the United States. In his response, received by the Senate to-day, Secretary Noble says the Union Pacific Railroad Company has guaranteed the bonds and interest of quite a number of other corporations, but has done nothing unlaw-

The Sundry Civil Bill in the House. WASHINGTON, July 26.—The House spent the day in considering, in committee of the whole, the Senate amendments to the sundry civil bill. After the Speaker had appointed Messrs. Reed of Iowa. Thompson of Ohio and Oates of Alabama as conferees on the original package bill—the committee having risen for that purpose—the Senate amendments to the sundry civil bill were read seriatim. Non-concurrence was recommended in several Senate amendments, including one appropriating \$15,000 to be expended at the Chicago breakwater station, and the committee rose with the bill still pending, and the House adjourned.

Special Pensions for Hoosiers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, July 26 .- The bills to pension William Allen, of the Third Regiment, Indiana Volunteers, Mexican war, and Jos. O. Cotton, dependent father of Gregory H. Cotton, late private of Company C, Twentythird Indiana Volunteers, have become law. Favorable reports have been made upon the bills to pension James J. Reed, Company E, Twenty-fourth Indiana; Calvin Rason, of Rough and Ready Company, Fourth Indiana, and Alonzo Hick, Company D, Fifth Indiana Legion.

Pensions for Widows of Officers. WASHINGTON, July 26.-A bill was passed by the Senate to-day, granting a pension of \$2,000 a year to the widow of the late Maj.-Gen. George Crook. Bills were also passed giving a like pension to Mrs. Fre-mont and to Mrs. McCleilan.

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, July 26.-L. L. Henson, Frankfort, is at the St. James. Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Halford will make

flying visit to Indianapolis next week. The young guests at the Attorney-general's home in this city will return to their homes next week. Miss Constant goes to Peru, and Mr. Root and Mr. Moore to Clinton, N. J. Judge Miller and family have made no plans for spending their vacation. Mrs. Fletcher, daughter of Representative Holman, who has been staying at the Hamilton House, and her son, have gone to Aurora for the summer.

The Evening Star says: "Congressman John M. Wiley and his beautiful bride have returned from a bridal trip that included many of the prominent summer resorts. They are now at the Shoreham. Mrs. Wiley's home was in Indianapolis, where she was married some months ago. she was Miss Cooper, and her father is one of the wealthiest and most prominent citizens of the Hoosier capital. Mrs. Wiley has devoted much time to the study of art, and spent a year in a Paris among the ateliers. She will be an acquisition to so-ciety circles next year. Mr. and Mrs. Wiley will leave in a few days for Indianapolis to visit the parents of the latter." The House amendments to the "original package" bill were non-concurred in by the Senate to-day and a conference was ordered. Messrs. Wilson of Iowa, Edmunds and George were appointed conferees on the part of the Senate. The President to-day sent to the Senate

the following nominations: United States Marshals-Adam T. Pierce, district of New Hampshire; W. F. Strong, district of Counecticut. Withdrawn-Robert C. Meyers, to be special examiner of drugs, medicines and chemicals at San Francisco (he baving declined the appointment). President Palmer of the world's fair commission, Secretary Dickinson, and several

of the commissioners were received by the President to-day. The Secretary of the Treasury to-day purchased \$947,850 bonds, the fours at \$1.24 and the four-and-a-halfs at \$1.0312 and Hon. Frederick Donglass, United States

minister to Hayti, arrived here to-day. As August and September are the most oppressive months in Hayti, Mr. Douglass obtained sixty days' leave of absence, and took occasion to visit his native land.

EIGHT HOURS FOR MINERS.

April 30, 1891, Fixed as the Date for Instituting the Movement. PITTSBURG, Pa., July 26.-The national

executive board of the United Mine-workers has fixed April 30, 1891 as the date when the present system of mining ceases and an eight-hour movement be instituted. The eight-hour declaration is signed by President S. B. Rae, Secretary Robert Watchorn and P. McBride, Wm. Scaife, John Kane, W. C. Webb and R. F. Warren. The order says that this agitation has become necessary in the mining craft as long deprivation of sunlight and good air is tending to the weakening and decay of thousands and their children; that the Federation of Labor named them to be the next to inaugurate the move, and they thereby inform the Knights of Labor, also, that they will be ready to accept the support of that ornization as offered at the General Assen oly at Atlanta to the trade that was next designated by the Federation of Labor to make the move. Miners everywhere are sked to make no contract that will interfere with the movement, as an eight-hour day will not only benefit the miners, but the mine-owners as well, as it will tend to prevent the frequent lapses in work, and conduce to a steady output, rather than by fits and starts as is the rule now.

Chicago Bakers Suddenly Quit Work. CHICAGO, July 26.-Fifteen hundred journeymen bakers, all the members of the German Union in Chicago, quit work tonight without a moment's notice. The strike is to enforce a demand for two hours less work on Saturdays. There has been considerable friction between the journeymen and the proprietors of the smaller bakeries, in which most of the craftsmen of the German Union are employed. Tonight the union held a secret meeting and decided upon an immediate strike. The journeymen's executive committee an-nounced that they would be at their headquarters to-morrow to receive any com-munication from the bosses' association. Unless the dispute is quickly settled there is a large chance that the bakers of other nationalities in the city, numbering prob-ably 1,500 men additional, will also go on a Strike of Furniture-Workers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CONNERSVILLE, Ind., July 26 .- Between thirty and forty cabinet-makers and carvers walked out of Munk & Roberts's furniture factory this morning. According to the workmen, the factory has a rule that requires piece-workers to remain in the factory until the whistle blows, whether they have work or not. Last night Peter Kregor left a few minutes before the whistle blew, and was discharged this morning, hence the strike.

Freight-Handlers Lose Their Strike. CINCINNATI, July 26 .- The strike of the freight-handlers of the various roads in this city is, to-day, virtually at an end. The railroads have conceded nothing, and will take back such of the old men as they choose, retaining as many of those of the new employes as they may wish. The strikers attribute their defeat to lack of organization. Freight is now being handled on all the roads and, it is thought that by Monday work will be going on as usual.

Grain Rates Lowered by the Alton. CHICAGO, July 26.—The Chicago & Alton to-day gave notice of a reduction in the freight rates on grain from the Missouri river to Chicago. The reduction is to the figures recommended by the In-terstate-commerce Commission-17 cents corn and 20 cents for wheat. This is in line with the policy of a majority of the roads that have recently succeeded in advancing cattle rates, the latter action

BASE BALL AND RACE TRACK

League Games Scheduled for This City Have in Them Promise of Good Ball.

The New Yorks Again Defeated by Cincinnat -Review of the Week and Other News of Games--Harry Wilkes's Fast Mile.

Ex-President Brush received a letter las evening from President Byne, of Brooklyn who is traveling with his team, expressing the liveliest satisfaction at the prospect of showing Indianapolis people what sort of a team he has. The ex-champions of the Association will arrive from Chicago via the Monon at 3 o'clock this afternoon and stop at the Denison. The Cleveland club will probably not get here until to-morrow morning. Mr. Byrne requested that Wednesday's game be called early in order that the Brooklyns might leave at 5:30 for the East. He wrote that the games scheduled for Pittsburg next Thursday, Friday and Saturday had been transferred to Brooklyn and that his club would like to use Thursday in which to travel, as two games would be played Friday. The Indianapolis management will try and arrange with the Pennsylvania road to hold the 5:30 train half an hour, as was done several times last season, and if they succeed there will be no necessity of calling Wednesday's game earlier than 3:30. It looks as though Pittsburg intended to play as few games at home as possible. That club's games are being peddled around among the other League cities in a lamentable fashion, and the fact is a sad com mentary on the much-vaunted ability of the Pittsburg League club to keep up its end of the fight.

The street-car company has arranged to run trains on its electric line every five minutes from 3:30 until 4 o'clock each afternoon or this week, beginning to-morrow. Extra cars will also be run on the Mississippi-street line, and the company promises to take care of the base-ball patrons in good shape. The grounds never were in better condition than now, and as tine sport as has been or will be witnessed this year any place in the country will be afforded the crowds at League Park. Interest is increasing daily in these games and the factories and mills will turn out will be the same as last season, namely: Admission, 50 cents; grand stand, 75 cents; boxes. \$1. Seats in the latter can be reserved to-morrow between 9 A. M. and 1 P. at the When store.

Y. M. C. A. Games Yesterday. The Remingtons having been strengthened somewhat during the past week, put up a good game against the Meridians yesterday afternoon at Y. M. C. A. Park, and defeated them with comparative ease. The Meridians are crippled in pitching talent Spotts's arm being very lame. Fish pitched the last three innings for them, not a hit being made off him. Score:

Remingtons......0 0 1 7 1 3 0 0 0-16 Meridians......0 1 0 2 3 0 3 0 0-9 Earned runs-Meridians, 3. Errors-Remingtons, 6; Meridians, 6. Base hits-Remingtons 16; Meridians, 7. Three-base hit - Med inger. Home-run — Landis. Struck out— By Healy, 11; by Fish, 5; by Spotts, 1; by Madden, 3. Base on balls—Remingtons, 2; Meridians, 1. Batteries—Remingtons, Healy and Beville; Meridians, Madden, Spotts, Fish and Minor. Umpires—Pellet and Reisner.

The Excelsiors also played an improve game, and if they were as strong at al points as in their battery and at second base, they would give the rest of the clubs plenty to do to win. Schwabacker pitched a fine game for the News, and Ramsey was not much behind him. Ecklund's base running was a feature. He is second-baseman of the Excelsiors and stole seven of the nine bases credited to his team. Score: Earned runs-News, 2. Hits-News, 4; Ex-

celsiors, 4. Stolen bases—News, 5; Excelsiors, 9. Base on balls—News, 3; Excelsiors, 4. Hit by pitcher—Berner, 2; Bingham, 2; Eckman, 1; Haley, 1. Struck out-By Schwabacher, 11; by Ramsey, 7. Passed balls-Haley, 3. Wild pitches-Ramsey, 6. Batteries-Schwabacher and Igleman, Ramsey and Healy. Umpire-

Brighton Beach Game.

The Daltons, champions of the Commercial League, and the Grand Avenues, who have made such a fine showing against the State League clubs, play a game at Brighton Beach this afternoon, at 3:20, for a purse of \$50 and the championship of Indianapolis. To Play Exhibition Games.

The old Peru State League team will engaged intact by former manager Lombard and Lou Johnson, of Peru. Games are now being arranged for to be played with Michigan, Ohio and Indiana clubs up to the end of the ball season.

Terre Haute, 16; Burlington, 8.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE. July 26 .- It was a slugging match to-day, and hits would have been even but for the home club's brilliant fielding. The score: Terre Haute......4 0 0 1 4 2 0 4 1-16 Burlington......0 1 0 0 2 1 1 3 0-8

4. Hits-Terre Haute, 16; Burlington, 11. Evansville, 6; Quincy, 1. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 26 .- The Quincys, fresh from their triumphs over Burlington. fell before Eiteljorg's invincible pitching to-day. McQuaid's batting was the feature

of the game. The score:

Evansville......0 0 3 0 2 1 0 0 \*-6 Quincy......1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1 Hits-Evansville, 8; Quincy, 4. Errors-Evansville, 1; Quincy, 7. Batteries-Eiteljorg and Sommers; Neal and Murphy. Brotherhood Clubs, At Cleveland-First Game-Cleveland. New York, 1. Second Game-Cleveland, New York. At Buffalo-Buffalo. 9; Brooklyn, 12.

At Pittsburg-Pittsburg, 3; Boston, 4. At Chicago-Chicago, 12; Philadelphia, 1. National League. At Pittsburg-Pittsburg, 4; Boston, 3. At Cincinnati-Cincinnati, 5; New York At Cleveland-Cleveland, 2; Philadel-

At Chicago-Chicago, 4; Brooklyn, 10. American Association. Philadelphia-Athletics, 7; Louis-At Rochester-Rochester, 6; Toledo, 2. At Syracuse—Syracuse, 8; Columbus, 0. The Brooklyn-St. Louis game was postoned on account of wet grounds.

League and Brotherhood Attendance. The attendance at yesterday's League and Brotherhood games was: Brotherhood. 6.000 Chicago ..... .1,500 Cleveland ........... 1,050 ...2,500 Pittsburg... ...1.347 Cincinnati. 

Standing of the Clubs.

By an unbroken series of victories, Phila-

delphia maintains a good lead in the League race. The work of that team is remarkable, yesterday's victory being the sixteenth straight. It leads the League in stick work as well as percentage, having an average of 277 and is making a beautiful fight to stay in front. Brooklyn, by winning three out of its five games last week, remains in second place, with Boston close up, though the latter slipped a little yesterday and surprised everyone by dropping a game to Pittsburg. Cincinnati picked up in its playing, and managed to win four out of its five games, three of from New York, which club much worse work during week than Pittsburg, losing straight games, while the four enders managed to pull at least one game out of the week. New York is so far behind that there is no hope of it taking even a respectable position in the race. It did

thing of a showing, but they did believe Mutrie's men would trim Cincinnati for a game or two during the series just closed That Cleveland and Pittsburg are still bringing up the rear is a matter of no surprise. They will be found there next October when the season closes.

Boston is still at the fore in the Brother

hood fight and Brooklyn keeps persistently close to Kelly's men. Chicago and New York are tied for third place. Philadelphia is a good fifth. Cleveland is considerably behind, and Pittsburg has dropped with the customary grace into seventh place, and only Buffalo's miseraplace, and only ble work prevents Hanlon's team from assuming the rear of the procession. The at-tendance has been in favor of the League all week, even Chicago sending better crowds to see Anson's colts than to watch Comiskey's all-star aggregation shine. The League clubs play to-morrow as follows: Brooklyn and Cleveat Indianapapolis: New at Pittsburg, Boston at Cincinnati, and Philadelphia at Chicago. The Brotherhood clubs play as follows: New York at Pittsburg, Philadelphia at Bufialo, Boston at Cleveland, and Brooklyn at Chicago. Following is the standing of the clubs: Won. Lost. Per Ct LEAGUE. Philadelphia.....54 Brooklyn......51 New York......34 Cleveland ......20 Boston......46

Brooklyn......48

New York 43 Philadelphia 43

Cleveland ......33

Meridians.....1

Y. M. C. A. LEAGUE.

Remingtons..... xcelsiors..... Harry Wilkes Trots a Mile in 2:15 3-4. PITTSBURG, Pa., July 26.—The most successful race meeting held here in many years closed at Homewood Driving Park to-day. The attendance was not as large as yesterday, but not less than four thousand people witnessed the most exciting races of the meeting. The track offer to the East an invitation so flattering was a little soft, and the betting on the as to be irresistible. California is espevarious events heavy. Harry Wilkes went an easy mile in 2:1534 for exhibition purexhibit as shall challenge the admiration poses. Summaries: of all beholders, among its exhibit being First Race-2:25 class; trotting; purse some of its immense trees. And other

Mattie Woods....... 3 2 Black Hawk....... 2 1 Second Race-Free-for-all; trotting; purs Rosalind Wilkes..... 1 1 Time-2:20, 2:193, 2:2112, 2:21. Third Race-2:20 class: pacing; purse Time—2:20¾, 2:16¾, 2:22¼, 2:24¾.

Match. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MACKINAC ISLAND, Mich., July 26.-I the tennis tournament to-day Messrs. Coffin and Richards, of Indianapolis, won against all comers in the doubles, with Toledo second. Challenges for Monday have been received from Louisville and Cincinnati against the Indianapolis players for doubles.

Indianapolis Wins the Mackinac Tenni

"THEIR SOLEMN PROTEST."

Citizens of Columbus, Ga., Resolve Against th Election Bill, but Denounce the Boycott.

COLUMBUS, Ga., July 26.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of citizens was held today in response to a call to consider what action should be taken regarding the force bill. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the people of the city of Co-lumbus, in mass-meeting assembled, do make this their solemn protest against the enactment of the bill known as the force or Lodge bill now before the Senate of the United States, and appeal to the wisdom, statesmanship and recognized conservatism of that august body to protect the country against the disastrous results which the passage of this bill will produce, not only throughout the entire South, but throughout the United States, by reason of its antagonism to the underlying principles of free republican government, and the substitution therefor of the features most dominant and repugnant to human liberty and progress in the despotic countries of Europe

Rssolved. That in the passage of this law we have every reason to apprehend the restoration of that system of political corruption which characterized the humiliating and disastrous era known as the reconstruction period, when the worst elements of the North, in the guise of po-litical adventurers, prostituted our legislation, engendered strife between the races and wrecked Resolved, That the suggestion of a commer cial boycott is utterly repungent to our views as unwise, unjust and remediless to meet the situa-

tion, but that we do in all sincerit believe the passage of the force bill will seriously jeopardize and endanger the entire commercial interests of the South; that it threatens its financial integrity, will cause stagnation of the now rapidly advanc-Batteries—Shaw and McVey; Reidy, Crowell ing prosperity, and involve ourselves and our Northern friends in common ruin. We do therefore cordially invite the co-operation of all patriotic men, North and South, and es pecially those representing the commercial interests of the whole country, to unite with us in opposing and defeating this dangerous, iniquitous and partisan measure.

Colonel Dudley's Flying Trip. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RICHMOND, Ind., July 26.-W. W. Dudley arrived on the St. Louis fast express this morning and returned to Washington on the Pennsylvania special this afternoon. He came to register in accordance with the provisions of the new election law, and when asked if he was not going on to Indianapolis, said he could not spare the time to go there or remain over night with his friends here, as he had to be back in Washington to-morrow afternoon.

Will Not Cut G. A. R. Rates to Boston. CHICAGO, July 26 .- Statements in regard to the cutting of rates for the Grand Army meeting at Boston from Chicago, or that the cutting of rates from other points will affect the rates from Chicago, are declared unfounded by railroad officials here. They say the Boston lines from Chicago are a unit on the question of rates for this immense gathering, and will not consent to deviation from the \$19 rate established which is less than 1 cent a mile for the round trip. It is intimated that the rumors referred to are instigated for the purpose of breaking the rate if possible.

Crushed by a Falling Smoke-Stack. St. Louis, July 26.—The flues in one battery of four boilers in the old mill of the Tudor iron-works, in East St. Louis, collapsed just after the noon hour to-day, knocking down the smoke-stack and doing considerable other damage to the building. William Eihler was badly crushed and died soon after, and five other men were seriously scalded or cut by flying bricks and timbers, but not fatally injured. Their names are: Wallace Mexo, William Wiley, Henry Fein, Frank Crane, William Wilson and Charles Eckert.

Must Support His Wife. NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 26.-William L. Ellsworth, of Philadelphia, the inventor of smokeless gunpowder, who was arrested yesterday for non-support of his wife, was arraigned before Judge Pickett in the City Court this morning. His attorney filed a demurrer to the complaint, which was overruled, and Elisworth was found guilty as charged. An appeal was taken under \$300 bonds, and bonds were also given to secure Mrs. Ellsworth an income of \$50 a month

Elected a Republican Treasurer. KANSAS CITY, July 17 .- An election was held here to-day to fill the vacancy caused by the removal from office of Wm. Peake, the Democratic city treasurer. Theodore Case, the Republican nominee, was

S. Case, the Republican nominee, was elected by 1,480 majority over Acting Treasurer Seidlitz, the Democratic nominee.

here last night, and the body was dragged and laid across the rathroad track, where it was afterwards run over by the train which was conveying the officers of the Louisville Legion back to camp from a ball they had attended at the Middlesboro Hotel. In the pocket of the dead man were found passes on several English and Scotch railways.

MR. CLARKSON TALKS TO CHICAGOANS

He Says the World's Fair Will Be a Failure if the Exhibition Is Divided.

CHICAGO, July 26 .- "If the site be divided. predict that the world's fair will be a fail. ure." James S. Clarkson, Assistant Postmaster-general, delivered this prophecy at the Auditorium Hotel to-day, in summing up the result of his observations made during his just completed three months' trip through the West and Northwest. "And." he continued after a few moments' pause. to permit the weight of his remark to be appreciated, "I say this as a friend of Chicago-a position to which I do not think anybody acquainted with me will dispute my claim. My reasons for making this prediction are based on conversations with renresentative men of the eleven Western States through which I have passed in my nine thousand miles' journey. We should rememeber that more than one-half of the productiveness of this country is due to the farmers, and an American fair without most ample and conspicuous place being given to the agricultural interests would be disastrous. One of the greatest attributes to a successful fair is that integrity of its whole. By the adherence to such a principle the impressions so inseparable from great size are alone obtainable. The West is laying great store in the fair. It is interested in its success, recognizing that from such success the greatest advantage to itself will accrue. The surplus millions of the world can find profitable investment in the great West. and through the fair the West expects to cially active, and intends to make such an

partment is to be anything of a side show. Yet the proposition to divide the site has created such a rumor, which has spread over an immense area and already acquired a subtle influence of antagonism in the minds of many. These fear that with a divided site the art and mechanical departments will be placed in the Lake Front Park and the agricultural shoved off to Jackson Park. 'If such is done,' I quote their words, 'the visitors will first call at the Lake Front exhibit, and, after wandering through it, the prospect of going eight miles to look at what some one will call an agricultural side-show will not be inviting, and not half who will visit the Lake Front Park will go to Jackson Park.' And if that is to be the case, and we are not to fare equally with the rest; if the exhibits we purpose making will not be viewed by the thousands we desire to view them, then why put ourselves to so much trouble? "Now measures should be taken to prevent such an idea gaining strength," Mr. Clarkson continued, earnestly. though I am not acquainted with the arguments that have been made in favor of division I cannot, in view of what I have heard, believe it will do aught but work to the disadvantage and harm of the fair. It

vestern States will make earnest enerts to

keep equal pace, but they must not be per-

mitted to think that the agricultural de-

will increase, too, as the proposition has already started, the idea that the interest in the value of town lots is an active principle, instead of a sole desire to work for the general prosperity of the fair. The fair on one site, so that on ascending a tower the observer can look down upon the earth, and see the world with all its wonders, treasures and activities, is what I believe should be the aim. The veteran showman, Barnum, illustrates the value of the idea of unity. Imagine the effect were he to divide his show, placing one tent in one part of the city, another a mile off, and so on. Remember, I speak disinterestedly, and, saying what I have, I believe I echo the opinion of the great and appreciative War Over Union Depot Facilities.

Kansas City, July 26.—There may be more serious trouble if the Northwestern railway attempts to use the Union Depot facilities which it acquired recently through an arrangement with the Missouri Pacific. Superintendent Fish, of the Union Depot Company, says the Missouri Pacific has no right to allow another road use the Missouri Pacific Union Depot terminal facilities. He says he will prevent the Northwestern trains from entering the Union Depot if it takes an army to do it. On the other hand Superintendent Dolby, of the Missouri Pacific, says the Misssouri Pacific owns the Northwestern, and that the latter road has the right to its Union Depot facilities. He says, moreover, that the Northwestern trains will enter the Union epot if it takes an army to bring them in. When these two "armies" clash trouble is

Killed Each Other.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 26.-A shooting affray occured here last night in a barroom, in which John Milster, a barkeeper, was instantly killed, and Phillip McIntyre, a butcher, received a shot in the breast from which he died this morning. Milster's body was riddled with bullets, an examination disclosing eight holes. Milster was from Spartanburg, S. C., and was a single man. McIntyre was married, and leaves a family. A woman is supposed to have been the cause of the difficulty.

Ate Poisoned Meat RICE LAKE, Wis., July 26.-Twenty persons are in danger of dying from eating poisoned meat, and several of the cases are very critical. State Dairy and Food Commissioner Thomb was summoned vesterday to investigate. The meat, to the amount of seventy-five pounds, was placed on sale at a local market. The city physician

eating this meat. The afflicted persons were taken with violent vomiting and Charges Against a Pastor. PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—The committee appointed by Rt. Rev. Whitaker to make inquiry relative to the rumored charges regarding the conduct of Rev. C. S. Daniel minister in charge of St. Chrysostom's Protestant Episcopal Church, have concluded their labors and have submitted a report recommending that Dr. Daniel be presented for trial for misappropriation of

says that the sickness is positively due to

funds and for a brerch of his ordination Double Crime of a Jealous Husband. CLEVELAND, O., July 26.-Near Zaneseld, Logan county, Ohio, last night, Albert D. Parmenter, a young farmer, shot his wife in the back and then blew out his own brains with a shotgun. Mrs. Parmenter lived four hours after the shooting. Parmenter was jealous of his wife, who was very pretty and but twenty-two years old. To-day both bodies were buried in the

same coffin. Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, July 26 .- Arrived: Greece,

FLUSHING, July 26. - Signaled: Noordland, from Antwerp for New York. KINSALE, July 26 .- Signaled: Queen, from New York, for Liverpool.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26 .- Clayton French, senior member and founder of the extensive wholesale drug firm of French, Richardson & Co., of this city, died of paralysis at his country residence, near Logan Sta-

tion, Pa., to-day, aged seventy years. Woman and Two Children Killed. PORTLAND, Ore., July 26.-A freight train on the Southern Pacific railway was wrecked at Willsburg, five miles south of this city, this afternoon. A woman and two

children were killed. For biliousness squeeze the juice of a lime or a small lemon into half a glass of cold water and stir in a little baking soda; drink while in foams. To be taken when rising in the morning. This will also re-